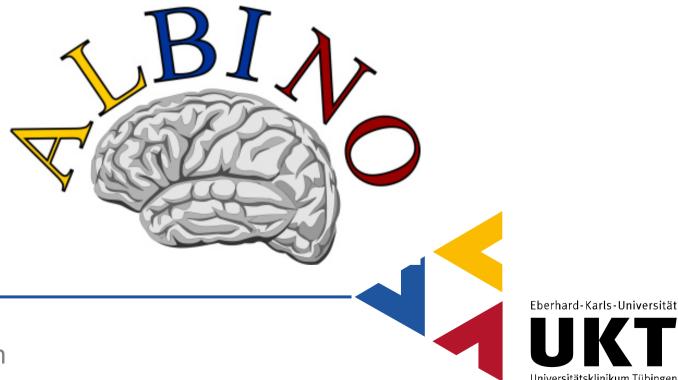
# Effect of ALlopurinol in addition to hypothermia for hypoxic-ischemic Brain Injury on Neurocognitive Outcome



#### **Hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy**



- 1-2 / 1000 newborn suffer from moderate to severe HIE
- 700-1.500 neonates / year in Germany
   5.000-10.000 neonates /year in Europe
   (... worldwide up to 1 Mio. infants /year)
- Therapeutic hypothermia is the only established treatment for HIE
- Despite therapeutic hypothermia,
   40% of infants with moderate HIE suffer from death or severe disability

#### **Hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy**



- ▶ 1-2 / 1000 newborn suffer from moderate to severe HIE
- 5.000-10.000 NG / year in God for 5.000-10.000 NG / need for (... worldwid an urgent options There is an treatment options) There is an urgent options!!!

  Additional treatment options!!!

  additional treatment options!!!

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- - espite therapeutic hypothermia, 40% of affected infants suffer from death or severe disability

## Hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy Pathophysiology: phases of HIE evolution



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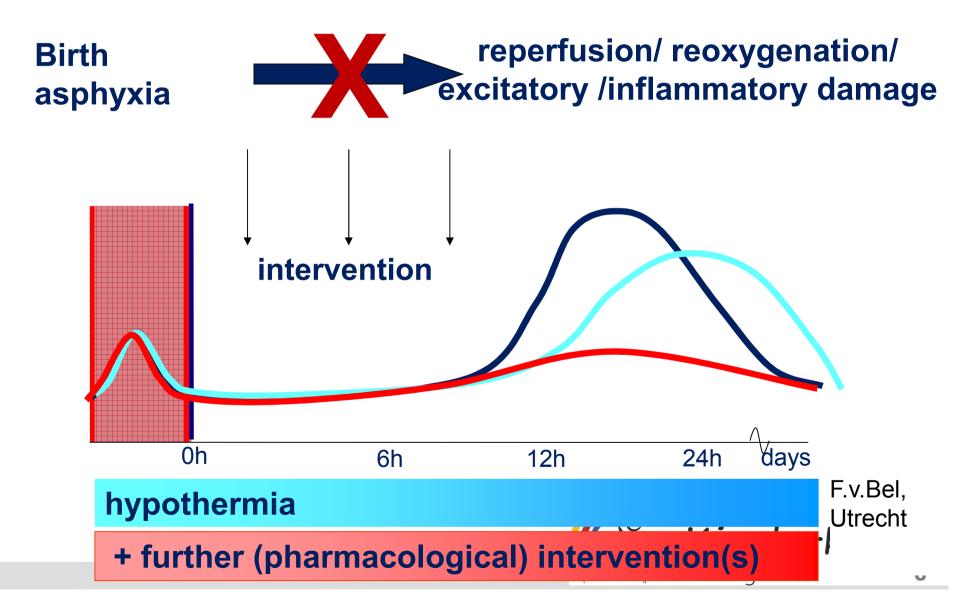
Reperfusion-injury (O<sub>2</sub>-radicals, inflammation) and excitatory injury result in 2° energy failure and apoptosis

Johnston et al., Lancet Neurol 2011



#### **Treatment strategies**





#### HIE - Pharmacological cocktail-therapy

#### Further treatment options in addition to hypothermia currently investigated:

- Xenon (anti-excitatory)
- Erythropoietin (anti-phions?)
  Melatonin (anti-phione)

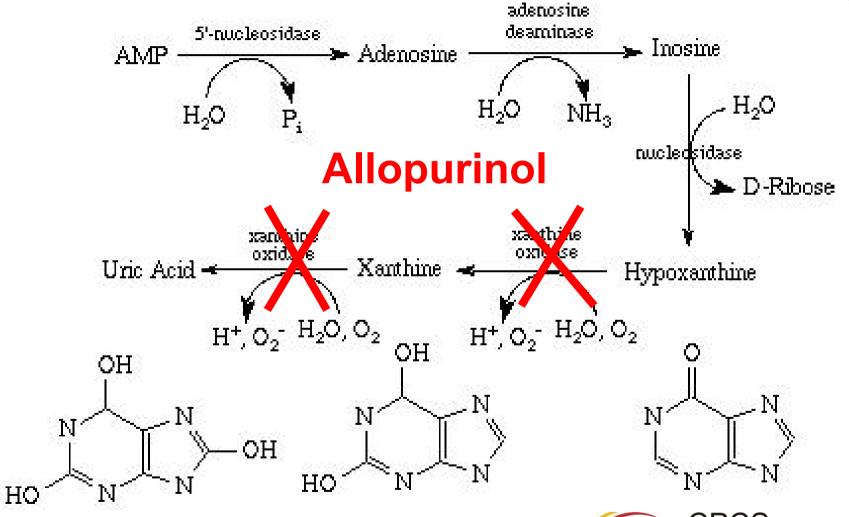
  Any additional treatment antive?)





#### Origine of Oxygen Radicals in HIE







# Animal data supporting Allopurinol for HIE

- Xanthine-oxidase mediated oxygen radical injury largely occurs early after ischemia
- Allopurinol administered <u>after</u> inducing hypoxia-ischemia reduces brain injury in 7day-old rats [Palmer, Pediatr Res 1993].
- Vasogenic edema (MRI) was reduced [Peeters-Scholte, Pediatr Res 2003]
- Cerebral energy state was preserved in allopurinol-treated piglets [Peeters-Scholte, Exp Brain Res 2004].

# Clinical Data supporting Allopurinol for HIE

- Metaanalysis of 3 RCTs [Chaudhari, Cochrane 2008] [vanBel, Paediatrics 1998, Benders, Arch Dis Child 2006, Gunes, Pediatr Neurol 2007]
- P: Neonates with HIE (together n=114)
- I: Allopurinol (up to 4h after birth)
- C: Standard / Placebo (without hypothermia)
- O: death or disability (2 studies)
- T: at 1-2 years of age
  - Reduction of death/disability from 65% to 25% in allopurinol-group in infants with moderate HIE [Kaandorp, Arch Dis Child 2012]. CPCS

#### Favorable risk/benefit-ratio



No evidence of severe harm from allopurinol:

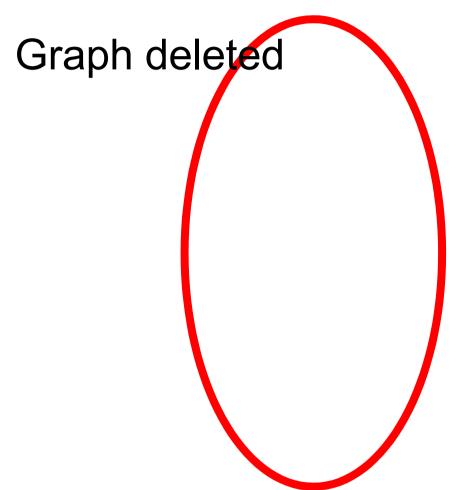
- in 138 neonates following antenatal allopurinol
- in 58 neonates following postnatal allopurinol
- In 155 infants undergoing cardiac surgery

"The available data have not raised major safety concerns related to use in newborn infants."

[Cochrane Rev 2008]

#### **Key Challenge with ALBINO study**





Xanthine oxidase-mediated production of superoxide radicals occurs within minutes of reperfusion CPCS

[Ono Brain Res 2009]

#### The ALBINO project



#### Aims to investigate:

- O: Can parents give informed consent within

  - sessed at 2 years of age



#### **Deferred Consent for the ALBINOstudy**



- Anticipated potential benefit from early administration
- Favorable risk/benefit-ratio
- Minimal burden from study–driven examinations
- Impossible to get meaningful consent before administration of study medication



#### §30 Declaration of Helsinki (2014)



"Research involving subjects who are physically or mentally incapable of giving consent, for example, unconscious patients, may be done only if the physical or mental condition that prevents giving informed consent is a necessary characteristic of the research group. In such circumstances the physician must seek informed consent from the legally authorised representative. If no such representative is available and if the research cannot be delayed, the study may proceed without informed consent provided that the specific reasons for involving subjects with a condition that renders them unable to give informed consent have been stated in the research protocol and the study has been approved by a research ethics committee. Consent to remain in the research must be obtained as soon as possible from the subject or a legally authorised representative.".

#### **Community Engagement**



Press release: inform community by mass media

Basic Information: inform parturients in prenatal clinics/ obstetric practices / delivery units etc. (Flyer / Poster including link to study homepage and full parent information)



# Verification that opt-out was *not* chosen



- Before opening the container with study medication investigators shall verify:
- that the parents understand the local language (or English),
- that they have been informed about the study
- that had **not** expressed the wish of non-participation after having received the information
  CPCS

#### **Deferred Consent for the ALBINOstudy**



#### Formal written informed consent

after 1st dose

(written information + oral explanation + time for reflection + signature of both

parents (if applicable) as usual)



#### rianned kecruitment for the ALBINUstudy



#### We aim:

- > to involve 60-80 study centers in Europe
- to screen 1200 infants with umbilical arterial pH<7.0 or need for resuscitation</p>
- to recruit 846 infants
- > to assess at least 684 infants at 2 years
- within 2 years



#### **The ALBINO team**









# Effect of ALlopurips throughout cipate!!! Effect of ALlopurips throughout cipate!!! for k NICUs throughout cipate!!! We seek NICUs throughout cipate!!! Who might be willing at Brain Injury who might procognitive Outcome.

